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PROCESS MEDIA - FIND YOUR BEST FIT! TOYOPEARL[®], TSKgel[®], and CA⁺⁺PURE-HA[®] Chromatography Resins

Biomolecules are purified by a succession of chromatography steps. Each step uses a different mode of separation, based on specific interactions between the biomolecules and the packing material. The various modes are based on specific physical, chemical, or biological features of the target or sample, like size, charge, hydrophobicity, function or specific content of the molecule. TOSOH BIOSCIENCE offers a comprehensive line of media and pre-packed columns for all modes of liquid chromatography - affinity, ion-exchange, mixed-mode, hydrophobic, hydroxyapatite, and size exclusion.

AFC Affinity Chromatography

AF-rProtein A HC-650F binds to the Fc part of antibodies. It allows for increased productivity and reduced production costs. IgG DBCs over 100 g/L can even be observed at higher titers. This prevents DSP bottlenecks even at short residence times.

AF-rProtein L-650F binds to the Kappa-light chain of antibodies and antibody derivates. It excels all other commercially available protein L media with regards to binding capacity and robustness. It is especially suited for the purification of new antibody formats such as antibody fragments, single chain variable fragments, domain antibodies and immunoglobulin types that cannot be purified with Protein A media.

MXC Mixed Mode Chromatography

MX-Trp-650M is a multimodal resin with unique selectivity and high recovery. Its ligands have both ionic and hydrophobic groups. This unique ligand allows the separation of acidic, basic, and neutral proteins by one resin. It provides high binding capacity and outstanding selectivity for mAbs and mAb aggregates.

MXC resins	Typical capacity (mAB)	Recovery (mAb)
MX-Trp-650M	95 g/L	97 %

IEC Ion Exchange Chromatography

Sulfate-650F is a highly selective, salt tolerant and high capacity cation exchange resin for the capture and intermediate polishing of biomolecules. It offers the ability to use mobile phases at physiological conditions without any loss of capacity or selectivity.

NH2-750F is a salt-tolerant anion-exchange resin, working both in flowthrough and bind/elute mode. It is ideal for removing impurities from target proteins without dilution, or for intermediate or final purification of monoclonal antibodies. One of its major benefits is the possibility to remove aggregates as well as endotoxins, HCPs, viruses and DNA in a single step.

Antibody AFC resins	Min. static capacity (mAb)	Special feature	
PROTEIN A			
AF-rProtein A HC-650F	68 g/L	Highest binding capacity	
AF-rProtein A-650F	45 g/L	Fast flow rates	
PROTEIN L			
AF-rProtein L-650F	64 g/L	Highest binding for non- standard mAb formats	

GROUP SPECIFIC		* REACTIVE RESINS*
AF-Chelate-650M	AF-Tresyl-650M	AF-Formyl-650M
AF-Red-650M	AF-Epoxy-650M	AF-Amino-650M
AF-Heparin HC-650M		AF-Carboxy-650M

* Activated and reactive resins are used to couple your ligand of choice.

HIC Hydrophobic Interaction Chromatography

The large choice of pore and particle sizes for TOYOPEARL and TSKgel HIC resins gives the possibility to screen for the resin offering at the same time the highest binding capacity, the highest recovery, and the highest selectivity.

PPG-600M is specially well suited for the purification of antibodies and antibody-drug conjugates.



HA		
Hydroxy	anati	te
	apati	

Ca⁺⁺Pure-HA provides exceptional separation properties and unequalled selectivity and resolution for multiple classes of biomolecules. The robust nature of Ca⁺⁺Pure-HA offers the flexibility to use this resin at any stage in a process from capture to final polishing.



SuperQ-5PW (20) is the industry standard for the purification of oligonucleotides.

	Typical capacity (g/L resin)			Special feature		
IEC resins	BSA	Lyso- zyme	mAb	Insulin	Target molecules	
STRONG ANION EXCH	ANGE	RS				
NH2-750F			70		Salt-tolerant	
GigaCap Q-650 (S, M)	150		110		Highest capacity	
SuperQ-650 (S, M, C)	145		15		Proteins <50 kDa	
Q-600C AR	110		90		Alkaline stability	
QAE-550C	50		30		Capturing of small proteins	
SuperQ-5PW (20, 30)					Oligonucleotides	
WEAK ANION EXCHANC	GERS					
GigaCap DEAE-650M					Blood products	
DEAE-650 (S, M, C)	25		30		and nucleic acids. GigaCap - highest capacity	
DEAE-5PW (20, 30)						

STRONG CATION EXCHANGERS

Sulfate-650F		115		Salt-tolerant
GigaCap S-650 (S, M)	200	150	140	Highest capacity
SP-650 (S, M, C)	40	10	50	Cost efficient
SP-550C	100	15	80	Capturing of small proteins
MegaCap II SP-550EC	70		90	Insulin capturing
SP-3PW (30)			65	Insulin polishing
SP-5PW (20, 30)			30	Highest resolution
WEAK CATION EXCHANGERS	5			
GigaCap CM-650M	35	100		Highest capacity
CM-650 (S, M, C)	35			Cost efficient

SEC Size Exclusion Chromatography

All TOYOPEARL resins are based on the polymeric HW-type beads. Their rigid polymeric backbone has better pressure-flow properties than most other commercially made materials. The base resins are stable over the pH 2-12 range for operating conditions and pH 1-13 for cleaning conditions.

	Typical capacity (g/L)	Special feature Target molecules	
HIC resins	Lysozyme (L) or mAb (A)		
Ether-650 (S, M)	20 (L)	Very hydrophobic proteins	
PPG-600M	30 (A)	Antibodies and ADCs	
Phenyl-600M	50 (A)	Antibodies	
Phenyl-650 (S, M, C)	30 (A)	Recombinant proteins	
SuperButyI-550C	40 (L)	Recombinant proteins	
Butyl-600M	50 (A)	Antibodies	
Butyl-650 (S, M, C)	40 (L)	Recombinant proteins	
Hexyl-650C	40 (L)	Hydrophilic proteins	
Ether-5PW (20, 30)	20 (L)	Very hydrophobic proteins	
Phenyl-5PW (20, 30)	20 (L)	Highest resolution	



Pore size	Target molecules
5 nm	Separation of low MW com- pounds / buffer echange
12.5 nm	Peptide fragments
50 nm	Proteins and antibodies
100 nm	
> 100 nm	Large nucleic acids, viruses and plasmid DNA
	5 nm 12.5 nm 50 nm 100 nm

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

1. Resin types

Tosoh Bioscience offers three base beads: TOYOPEARL, TSKgel, and Ca⁺⁺Pure-HA.

TOYOPEARL and TSKgel products are hydroxylated methacrylic polymer resins and are offered in many different pore sizes and particle diameters. The key differences between the two types are particle size availability, degree of crosslinking, dynamic binding capacity, and operating pressures.

Since similarly functionalized TOYOPEARL and TSKgel resins have the same backbone polymer chemistry, the selectivity remains the same when scaling up or down.

Unlike all other TOYOPEARL and TSKgel products, Ca⁺⁺Pure-HA is a hydroxyapatite resin. Ca⁺⁺Pure-HA is a spherical, macroporous form of the hexagonal crystalline structure of $Ca_{10}(PO_4)_6(OH)_2$.

2. Part	icle sizes			
Grade	TOYOPEARL	GigaCap	TSKgel	Ca++Pure-HA
EC	200 µm			
С	100 μm (SEC are 75 μm)			
Μ	65 μm (MX-Trp is 75 $\mu m)$	75 µm		
F	45 µm			
S	35 µm (SEC are 30 µm)	35 µm		
(30)			30 µm	
(20)			20 µm	
HA				39 µm

3. Pore sizes of base media for AFC, MXC, IEC, and HIC

TOYOPEARL 550 resins	HW-55 base resin	50 nm
	HW-60 base resin	75 nm
TOYOPEARL 650 resins	HW-65 base resin	100 nm
TOYOPEARL 750 resins	HW-75 base resin	> 100 nm
TSKgel 3PW resin	PW-3000 base resin	25 nm
TSKgel 5PW resin	PW-5000 base resin	100 nm

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